[First Reprint]

SENATE, No. 1559

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 13, 2020

Sponsored by:

Senator NICHOLAS P. SCUTARI District 22 (Middlesex, Somerset and Union) Senator PATRICK J. DIEGNAN, JR.

District 18 (Middlesex)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senator Ruiz

SYNOPSIS

"New Jersey Insurance Fair Conduct Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Senate Commerce Committee on January 21, 2021, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 1/28/2021)

1	AN ACT concerning certain unreasonable practices in the business
2	of insurance and supplementing Title 17 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "New Jersey Insurance Fair Conduct Act."

2. As used in this act:

"First-party claimant" or "claimant" means an individual injured in a motor vehicle accident and entitled to the uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage of an insurance policy asserting an entitlement to benefits owed directly to or on behalf of an insured under that insurance policy.

"Insurer" means any individual, corporation, association, partnership or other legal entity which issues, executes, renews or delivers an insurance policy in this State, or which is responsible for determining claims made under the policy. "Insurer" shall not include an insurance producer as defined in section 3 of P.L.2001, c.210 (C.17:22A-28) or a public entity.

"Public entity" means the State, any county, municipality, district, public authority, public agency and any other political subdivision or public body in the State, including a joint insurance fund of a public entity.

- 3. a. In addition to the enforcement authority provided to the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1947, c.379 (C.17:29B-1 et seq.) or any other law, a claimant may, regardless of any action by the commissioner, file a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction against its automobile insurer for:
- (1) an unreasonable delay or unreasonable denial of a claim for payment of benefits under an insurance policy; or
- (2) any violation of the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1947, c.379 (C.17:29B-4).
- b. In any action filed pursuant to this act, the claimant shall not be required to prove that the insurer's actions were of such a frequency as to indicate a general business practice.
- c. Upon establishing that a violation of the provisions of this act has occurred, the plaintiff shall be entitled to ${}^1\Gamma$:
- (1)]¹ actual damages caused by the violation of this act which shall include, but need not be limited to, actual trial verdicts ¹[; and
- (2) prejudgment interest, reasonable attorney's fees, and all reasonable litigation expenses 1.

4. This act shall take effect immediately.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.